

Creating Pandas DataFrames from Python Lists and Dictionaries

Dictionary

List

Row Oriented

```
sales = [{'account': 'Jones LLC', 'Jan': 150, 'Feb': 200, 'Mar': 140},
         {'account': 'Alpha Co', 'Jan': 200, 'Feb': 210, 'Mar': 215},
         {'account': 'Blue Inc', 'Jan': 50, 'Feb': 90, 'Mar': 95}]
df = pd.DataFrame(sales)
```

```
sales = [('Jones LLC', 150, 200, 50),
         ('Alpha Co', 200, 210, 90),
         ('Blue Inc', 140, 215, 95)]
labels = ['account', 'Jan', 'Feb', 'Mar']
df = pd.DataFrame.from_records(sales, columns=labels)
```

default

| | account | Jan | Feb | Mar |
|---|-----------|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | Jones LLC | 150 | 200 | 140 |
| 1 | Alpha Co | 200 | 210 | 215 |
| 2 | Blue Inc | 50 | 90 | 95 |

from_records

Column Oriented

```
sales = {'account': ['Jones LLC', 'Alpha Co', 'Blue Inc'],
         'Jan': [150, 200, 50],
         'Feb': [200, 210, 90],
         'Mar': [140, 215, 95]}
df = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(sales)
```

```
sales = [('account', ['Jones LLC', 'Alpha Co', 'Blue Inc']),
         ('Jan', [150, 200, 50]),
         ('Feb', [200, 210, 90]),
         ('Mar', [140, 215, 95])]
df = pd.DataFrame.from_items(sales)
```

from_dict

from_items

When using a dictionary, column order is not preserved.
 Explicitly order them:
 df = df[['account', 'Jan', 'Feb', 'Mar']]